

Product data

Features

- Highly miniaturized encoder
- Differential inductive sensing principle
- Insensitive to magnetic interference fields
- Robust against oil, water, dust, particles
- Programmable resolution and maximum speed
- Optional with cable, connector and holder

Applications

- Brushed and brushless motors
- Industrial and laboratory automation
- Rotary stages
- Robotics, assembly equipment
- High-speed motion control

Key Specifications

Output format.....A and B in quadrature
 Resolution.....128 up to >1'000'000 CPR
 Maximum speedup to 23'000 RPM
 Airgapup to 0.6 mm
 Supply.....5 V, 10 mA
 Temperature-20 to 100°C

Description

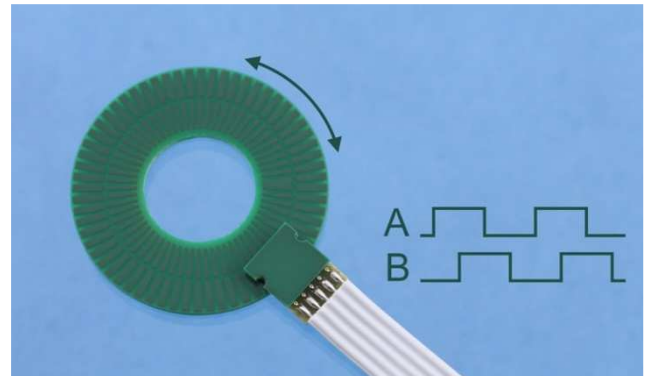
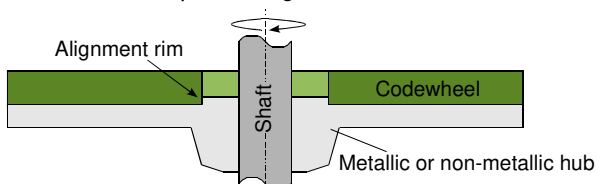
The ID1101C incremental encoder kit consists of an encoder and a codewheel (Fig. 1). The encoder is an integrated circuit in a PCB housing. It provides incremental A and B output signals in quadrature (Fig. 2). The codewheel is a PCB with passive copper strips. The orientation of the encoder is selected in Table 1.

Resolution, maximum speed and airgap

The resolution and the maximum speed of the encoder are programmed ex-factory. The resolution depends on a filter setting that limits the maximum speed of the encoder vs. the codewheel. The resolution also depends on the maximum distance between the encoder and the codewheel. The resolution and maximum speed for a certain maximum air-gap are selected in Tables 2 and 3.

Codewheel

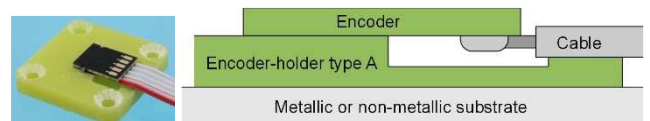
The codewheels are shown in Fig. 4 and are selected in Table 5. The codewheel may be mounted on a hub, using a rim for accurate positioning in front of the encoder.



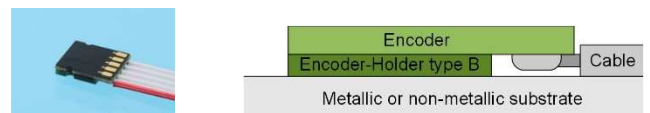
Encoder holders

Different encoder holder options are available and can be selected in Table 6.

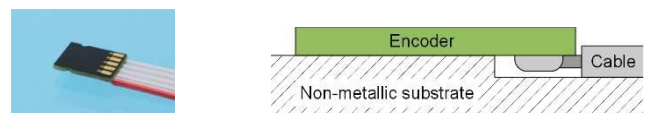
The encoder holder **type A** (Fig. 5) may be mounted on any substrate using 4 screw-holes. It has a strain relief for the cable. Holder type A is for evaluation purposes only.



The encoder holder **type B** (Fig. 3) may be mounted on any substrate. Use half-holes on encoder PCB housing and alignment pins for accurate positioning.



The encoder without holder may be mounted on non-metallic substrates. Use half-holes on encoder housing and alignment pins for accurate positioning.



Encoder cable and connector

The encoder can be supplied with a flat cable of pitch 1.27 mm and a connector (Fig. 6). The cable length and the connector type are selected in Tables 7 and 8.

Encoder programming

The Evaluation and Programming Tool (EPT) including an interface board and the ASSIST software is available for the linearization and programming of the encoder.

3D models of encoder, holders and scales

STEP models available on www.posic.com.

Specifications

Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Remark | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|------------------------------|----------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Supply voltage | VDD | | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| Operating Temperature | T _A | | -20 | | 100 | °C |
| Airgap | Z | | | 0.2 | | mm |
| Radial play and eccentricity | ΔY | | | | 0.1 | mm |
| Airgap tolerance | ΔZ | | | | 0.1 | mm |

Electrical Characteristics

Electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions, typical values at VDD = 5.0 V, T_A = 25°C.

| Parameter | Symbol | Remark | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------|-----|-----|------|
| Supply current | I _{DD} | No load | 8 | 10 | 15 | mA |
| Maximum output frequency | F | A/B output signals | 0.8 | 1 | 1.2 | MHz |
| High level output voltage* | V _{OH} | I _L = 2 mA | VDD-0.5 | | | V |
| Low level output voltage* | V _{OL} | I _L = 2 mA | | | 0.5 | V |
| Rise time, fall time | t _r , t _f | C _L = 47 pF | | | 20 | ns |

If A is pulled up and B pulled down during power-up, the encoder enters into a test mode with a 50 kHz square wave on all outputs.

Encoding Characteristics

Encoding characteristics over recommended operating conditions, typical values at VDD = 5.0 V, T_A = 25°C, airgap = 0.2 mm, speed = max speed/10.

| Parameter | Symbol | Remark | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-------------------|--------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Pulse width error | ΔP | Nominal value 180°e | | 10 | 50 | °e |
| State width error | ΔS | Nominal value 90°e | | 10 | 60 | °e |
| Phase shift error | ΔΦ | Nominal value 90°e | | 10 | 45 | °e |

Linearity

For high-resolution high-precision applications, it is possible to linearize the encoder by means of a Look-Up Table (LUT) that is located inside the encoder. The LUT can be programmed in volatile or in non-volatile memory by means of the Evaluation and Programming Tool (EPT) or it can be pre-programmed by ex-factory. The LUT option is selected in Table 4.

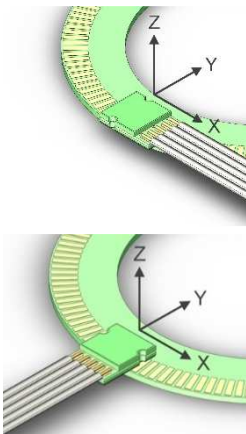


Fig. 1 Coordinate system XYZ.

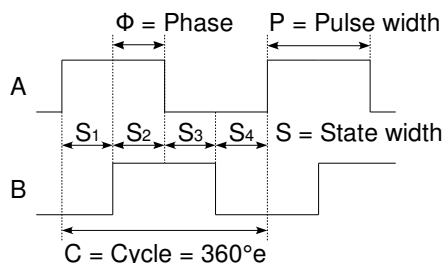


Fig. 2 Encoder output signals A and B in quadrature.

Definitions

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Airgap | Distance between encoder and codewheel in Z-direction. See Fig. 1. |
| Cycle | One A quad B period, see Fig. 2. |
| CPR | Cycles Per Revolution. |
| °e | Electrical degree (one Cycle is 360°e) |
| Phase shift Φ | Number of electrical degrees between the center of the high state of channel A and the center of high state of channel B. Nominal 90°e. Fig. 2. |
| Pulse width P | Number of electrical degrees that an output is high during one cycle. Nominal 180°e. Fig. 2. |
| RPM | Revolutions Per Minute (of the Codewheel) |
| State width S | Number of electrical degrees between two neighboring A and B transitions. Nominal value is 90°e. See Fig. 2. |

Technical drawings

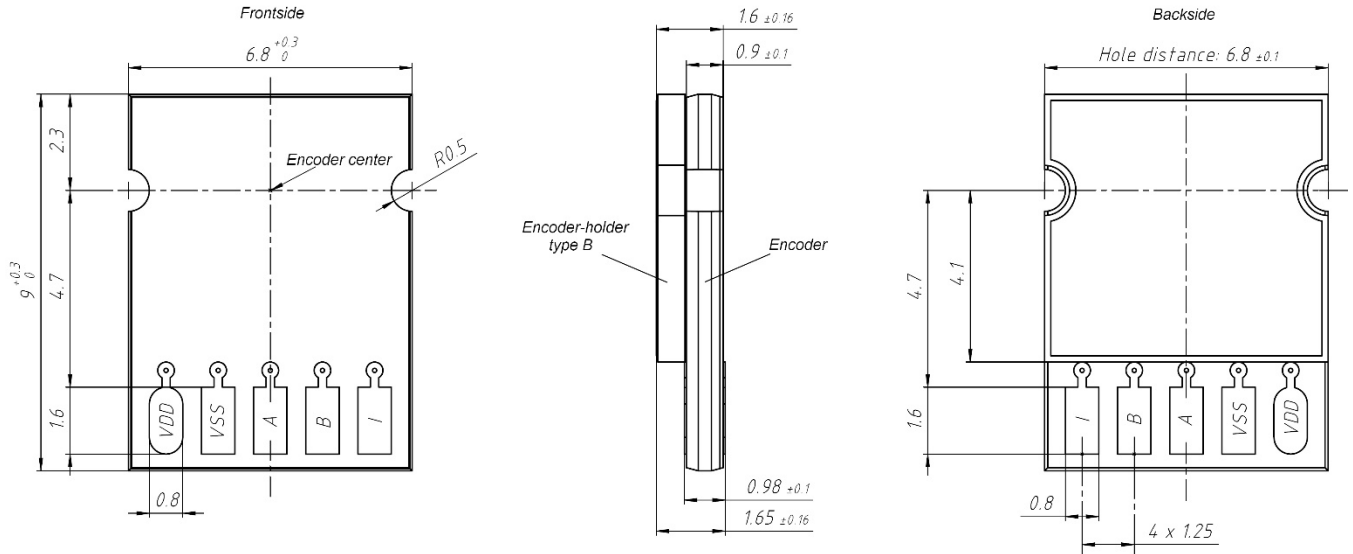
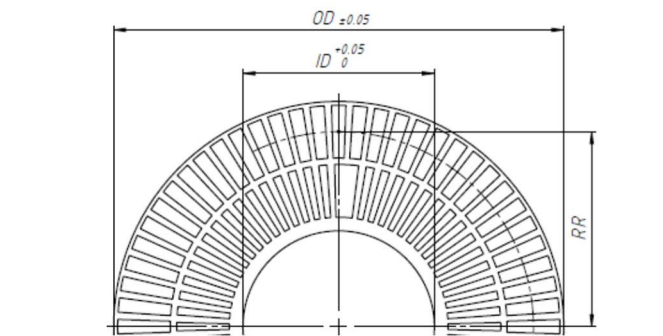


Fig. 3 Dimensions (mm) of ID1102 encoder on encoder-holder type B. The “Encoder center” must be centered with respect to the Readout Radius (Fig. 4).



| Codewheel type | TPCD05 | TPCD06 | TPCD07 |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Number of periods | 64 | 128 | 180 |
| Inner Diameter ID (mm) | 12 | 36 | 56 |
| Outer Diameter OD (mm) | 28.2 | 52.7 | 72.55 |
| Readout Radius* RR (mm) | 12.2 | 24.45 | 34.38 |
| Thickness** (mm) | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.72 |

* Readout Radius = position of encoder center

** Thickness tolerance +/- 10% of thickness

Fig. 4 Codewheel dimensions. Only the external track is used.

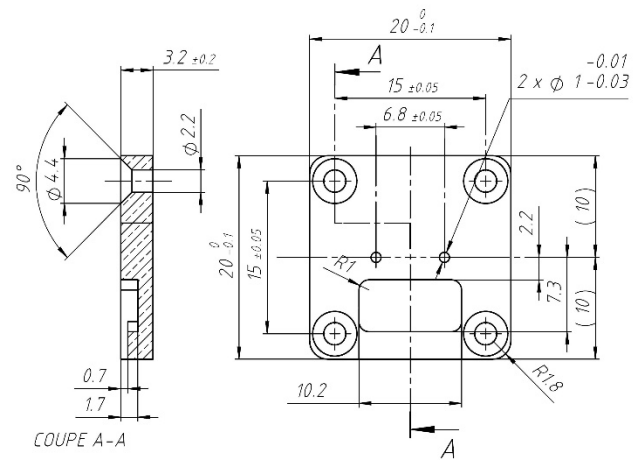


Fig. 5 Dimensions (mm) of encoder-holder type A.

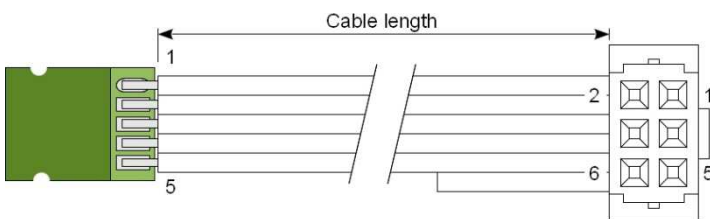


Fig. 6 Encoder with flat cable (pitch 1.27 mm) and 6-pin connector DIN41651.

| Connector pin | Name | Description |
|---------------|------|------------------|
| 1 | VDD | 5V Supply |
| 2 | VSS | Ground |
| 3 | A | A |
| 4 | B | B |
| 5 | I | Index (multiple) |
| 6 | NC | Not connected |

Ordering information

Ordering code: ID1102C-ABBCCD-EEEE-F-GGG-HH

| | | |
|------|----------------|---------|
| A | Orientation | Table 1 |
| BB | Maximum speed | Table 2 |
| CC | Resolution | Table 3 |
| D | Look-Up Table | Table 4 |
| EEEE | Codewheel | Table 5 |
| F | Encoder holder | Table 6 |
| GGG | Cable | Table 7 |
| HH | Connector | Table 8 |

Table 1: Orientation. Arrows indicate direction of movement of the scale with rising edge A prior to B.

| A | Orientation |
|---|-------------|
| 0 | Not progr. |
| 3 | 0° |
| 4 | 90° |
| 5 | 180° |
| 6 | 270° |

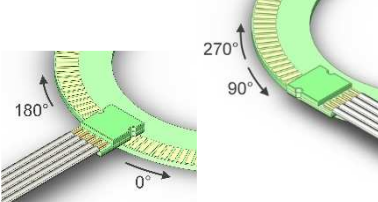


Table 2: Maximum speed

| BB | Max speed (RPM) | | | Max value CC |
|----|-----------------------------|--------|-------|--------------|
| | Nr. of periods on Codewheel | | | |
| | 64 | 128 | 180 | |
| 00 | Not programmed | | | |
| 01 | 11 | 5 | 4 | 16 |
| 02 | 22 | 11 | 8 | 16 |
| 03 | 45 | 22 | 16 | 16 |
| 04 | 91 | 45 | 32 | 15 |
| 05 | 183 | 91 | 65 | 14 |
| 06 | 366 | 183 | 130 | 13 |
| 07 | 732 | 366 | 260 | 12 |
| 08 | 1'465 | 732 | 521 | 11 |
| 09 | 2'930 | 1'465 | 1'042 | 10 |
| 21 | 5'859 | 2'930 | 2'083 | 09 |
| 22 | 11'719 | 5'859 | 4'167 | 08 |
| 23 | 23'438 | 11'719 | 8'333 | 07 |

Lower Max speed leads to a lower jitter of the A/B outputs.

Table 3: Resolution

| CC | Resolution CPR | | | Max value BB | Max Airgap* (mm) |
|----|-----------------------------|-------|-------|--------------|------------------|
| | Nr. of periods on Codewheel | | | | |
| | 64 | 128 | 180 | | |
| 00 | Not programmed | | | | |
| 03 | 128 | 256 | 360 | 23 | 0.6 |
| 04 | 256 | 512 | 720 | 23 | 0.6 |
| 05 | 512 | 1'024 | 1'440 | 23 | 0.6 |

| | | | | | |
|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|----|-----|
| 06 | 1'024 | 2'048 | 2'880 | 23 | 0.6 |
| 07 | 2'048 | 4'096 | 5'760 | 23 | 0.6 |
| 08 | 4'096 | 8'192 | 11'520 | 22 | 0.5 |
| 09 | 8'192 | 16'384 | 23'040 | 21 | 0.5 |
| 10 | 16'384 | 32'768 | 46'080 | 09 | 0.4 |
| 11 | 32'768 | 65'536 | 92'160 | 08 | 0.4 |
| 12 | 65'536 | 131'072 | 184'320 | 07 | 0.3 |
| 13 | 131'072 | 262'144 | 368'640 | 06 | 0.3 |
| 14 | 262'144 | 524'288 | 737'280 | 05 | 0.2 |
| 15 | 524'288 | 1'048'576 | 1'474'560 | 04 | 0.2 |
| 16 | 1'048'576 | 2'097'152 | 2'949'120 | 03 | 0.2 |

* Recommended airgap = 0.2 mm. Sequence of A and B transitions is correct up to Max Airgap, but encoding specifications may be out of range.

Table 4: Look-Up Table (LUT)

| D | Look-Up Table programmed in OTP |
|---|---|
| 0 | Not programmed |
| 1 | LUT according to codewheel, to be specified |
| 8 | Custom LUT, to be specified |
| 9 | Default LUT, no codewheel specified |

Table 5: Codewheel (see Fig. 4)

| EEEE | Codewheel | Description |
|-------|--------------|-------------------------|
| 00000 | No codewheel | |
| 05064 | TPCD05-064 | 64 periods, OD 28.2 mm |
| 06128 | TPCD06-128 | 128 periods, OD 52.7 mm |
| 07180 | TPCD07-180 | 180 periods, OD 72.6 mm |

Table 6: Encoder holder

| F | Encoder holder |
|---|--|
| 0 | No holder |
| A | Holder type A (Fig. 5) for evaluation only |
| B | Holder type B (Fig. 3) |

Table 7: Cable

| GGG | Cable |
|-----|---------------------------------|
| 000 | No cable |
| 0xx | Flat ribbon cable, length xx cm |

Table 8: Connector

| HH | Connector |
|----|------------------------------------|
| 00 | No connector |
| 02 | 6-pin connector DIN 41651 (Fig. 6) |
| 04 | 8-pin connector DIN 41651 |

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